

Statistics Canada

Home > CANSIM

Table 105-0501 1, 56, 57, 88, 89, 90

Health indicator profile, annual estimates, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, territories, health regions (2013 boundaries) and peer groups

occasional

Data table Add/Remove data Manipulate Download Related information Help

The data below is a part of CANSIM table 105-0501. Use the Add/Remove data tab to customize your table.

	y ^{2, 2} = Yukon [60] ⁵⁸											
group	a = Total, 12 years and over											
	Indicators	Characteristics 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 71, 84, 87	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
oth exes	Perceived health, very good or excellent ¹⁶	Number of persons	13,749	15,385	15,155	16,515	16,422	16,793	17,649	16,771	17,956	17,94
		Percent	55.1	56.8	56.5	60.7	59.1	56.9	59.1	55.3	57.9	57.4
	16	Number of persons	2,695	2,566	2,883	2,633 ^E	3,053 ^E	3,779	3,524 ^E	3,545 ^E	3,313	3,86
	Perceived health, fair or poor ¹⁵	Percent	10.8	9.5	10.8	9.7 ^E	11.0 ^E	12.8	11.8 ^E	11.7 ^E	10.7	12.4
	Perceived mental health, very good or excellent ¹²	Number of persons	18,331	20,036	19,214	19,299	20,526	20,933	19,066	21,411	20,207	19,76
		Percent	75.5	74.9	73.0	72.6	74.7	71.6	64.6	71.6	65.5	63.
	17	Number of persons	995 ^E	1,176 ^E	900 ^E	1,850 ^E	1,507 ^E	1,777 ^E	1,892 ^E	1,332 ^E	2,247	2,358
	Perceived mental health, fair or poor ¹²	Percent	4.1 ^E	4.4 ^E	3.4 ^E	7.0 ^E	5.5 ^E	6.1 ^E	6.4 ^E	4.5 ^E	7.3	7.0
	Life satisfaction, satisfied or very satisfied	Number of persons	21,412	24,292	24,112	23,641	25,012	27,329	27,723	27,681	27,980	28,516
	72, 73	Percent	88.2	90.8	91.3	89.0	91.0	93.6	94.7	93.0	90.9	92.3
	Perceived life stress, quite a lot (15 years	Number of persons	4,277	5,663	5,370	5,882	5,422	5,036	6,551	6,198	6,011	7,696
	and over) ^{18, 19}	Percent	18.2	21.9	21.4	22.9	20.5	18.0	22.7	21.6	20.3	25.7
	Arthritis ^{20, 21}	Number of persons	4,015	3,760	3,661	3,091	4,040	4,198	4,518	4,353	5,806	5,15
		Percent	17.0	14.5	14.6	12.0	15.2	15.0	15.7	15.2	19.5	17.3
	Diabetes ^{22, 23}	Number of persons	925	1,160 ^E	1,238 ^E	732 ^E	1,162 ^E	1,614 ^E	1,343 ^E	2,606 ^E	1,537 ^E	2,439
		Percent	3.7	4.3 ^E	4.6 ^E	2.7 ^E	4.2 ^E	5.5 ^E	4.5 ^E	8.6 ^E	5.0 ^E	7.8
	Asthma ²⁴	Number of persons	2,271	2,373	2,305	2,242 ^E	2,894	3,095	3,021 ^E	2,934	2,268	1,957
		Percent	9.1	8.7	8.6	8.2 ^E	10.4	10.5	10.1 ^E	9.7	7.3	6.3
	High blood pressure ²⁵	Number of persons	2,583	3,071	4,081	3,084	3,803	3,326	4,104	4,290	4,874	4,67
		Percent	10.4	11.3	15.2	11.3	13.7	11.3	13.7	14.2	15.7	15.0
	Pain or discomfort by severity, moderate or severe 59. 58	Number of persons	3,073	2,935	3,261	2,628 ^E	3,242	3,433	3,873	5,513	4,697	4,263
		Percent	12.3	10.9	12.2	9.7 ^E	11.7	11.6	13.0	18.2	15.1	13.6
	Dain au diacomfont that proverts activities	Number of persons	3,075	4,024	3,936	3,096	3,668 ^E	4,021	4,942	5,243	5,995	6,212
	Pain or discomfort that prevents activities	Percent	12.3	14.9	14.7	11.4	13.2 ^E	13.6	16.6	17.3	19.3	19.9
	Participation and activity limitation	Number of persons	8,703	7,685	7,810	7,413	8,144	8,202	11,016	12,021	13,119	13,830
	Participation and activity limitation, sometimes or often 27, 88	Percent	34.9	28.4	29.2	27.3	29.3	27.8	36.9	39.7	42.3	44.4
	Current smoker, daily or occasional	Number of persons	6,868	8,257	9,655	8,594	9,870	8,191	8,722	8,882	8,029	8,137
	28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 61	Percent	27.6	30.4	36.0	31.6	35.5	27.9	29.3	29.4	25.9	26.2
		Number of persons	2,279	1,561	1,944 ^E	1,233 ^E	2,152 ^E	1,559	948 ^E	F	1,231 ^E	808
	Exposure to second-hand smoke at home	Percent	12.6	8.2 ^E	11.3 ^E	6.6 ^E	12.0 ^E	7.3 ^E	4.5 ^E	F	5.3 ^E	3.5
	Exposure to second-hand smoke in the	Number of persons	5,553	2,438	1,689 ^E	1,311 ^E	1,505 ^E	1,486 ^E	2,099	2,508 ^E	2,918	2,172
	past month, in vehicles and/or public places ³⁴	Percent	30.8	12.9	9.8 ^E	7.0 ^E	8.4 ^E	7.0 ^E	10.0	11.7 ^E	12.7	9.4
		Number of persons	_								9,843	8,622
	Heavy drinking ¹⁵	Percent									32.4	27.8
		Number of persons	10,649	11,672	10,331	9,634	12,270	14,951	11,942	11,477	9,753	12,424
	Fruit and vegetable consumption, 5 times or more per day ^{32, 53}	Percent	44.8	44.8	39.8	36.5	45.7	52.5	41.5	38.8	32.6	41.
	Physical activity during leisure-time,	Number of persons	14,862	15,668	14,869	14,489	14,789	17,962	18,211	19,885	20,414	20,014
	moderately active or active ^{38, 39}	isumber of persons	61.2	58.5	56.3	54.3	53.8	61.7	61.7		66.1	64.6

6	To diastan	Characteristics	2002	2005	2007	2000	2000	2010	2011	2012	2012	2014
Sex	Indicators	50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 71, 84, 87	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Physical activity during leisure-time, inactive ^{38, 39}	Number of persons	9,404	11,102	11,555	12,201	12,699	11,148	11,315	10,060	10,457	10,988
		Percent	38.8	41.5	43.7	45.7	46.2	38.3	38.3	33.6	33.9	35.4
	Body mass index, self-reported, adult (18 years and over), overweight or obese	Number of persons	11,140	11,584	12,190	11,748	13,040	13,460	14,114	13,727	17,659	15,453
	<u>40, 41, 42, 43</u>	Percent	52.3	49.0	52.5	51.3	54.3	51.8	55.0	51.5	64.2	57.1
	Body mass index, self-reported, youth (12 to 17 years old), overweight or obese	Number of persons		540 ^E	F	760 ^E	F	694 ^E	F	F	770 ^E	718 ^E
	40, 41, 54	Percent		19.7 ^E	F	31.3 ^E	F	35.0 ^E	F	F	36.2 ^E	32.0 ^E
	Sense of belonging to local community,	Number of persons	17,302	18,831	18,981	20,003	19,661	23,804	23,058	21,909	22,396	22,564
	somewhat strong or very strong ⁴⁵	Percent	72.0	70.6	72.1	75.3	72.1	82.0	78.6	73.3	73.1	73.5
	Has a regular medical doctor ⁴⁶	Number of persons	20,339	20,002	20,905	21,512	21,583	22,646	23,571	21,643	22,734	23,119
	-	Percent	81.7	73.8	77.9	79.1	77.8	76.8	79.4	71.4	73.3	73.9
	Contact with a medical doctor in the past	Number of persons	20,719	21,195	20,041	21,839	22,510	24,823		23,841	25,754	23,749
	12 months ^{47, 48, 88}	Percent	83.2	78.1	75.3	80.2	81.1	84.6		79.0	83.4	76.1
	Influenza immunization, less than one	Number of persons	5,064	8,241	7,327	7,773	8,917	13,714	9,480	8,751	8,807	9,863
	year ago ^{49, 74}	Percent	21.2	31.8	28.2	29.5	32.8	46.9	32.5	29.3	28.6	32.1
	Breastfeeding initiation 65, 67, 88	Number of persons	1,205	1,196	1,675	1,828	1,760	1,258 ^E	1,874	2,288		
		Percent	88.0	98.8	98.3	97.9	100.0	93.8	93.0	99.2		
	Exclusive breastfeeding, at least 6 months	Number of persons	F ^r	502 ^{Er}	F	701 ^{Er}	F	497 ^E	F	1,031 ^E		
	55, 59, 83, 88, 89	Percent	F	43.3 ^{Er}	36.1 ^{Er}	40.3 ^{Er}	F	44.6 ^E	F	46.0 ^E		
	Mood disorder ²⁰	Number of persons	1,101 ^E	1,660	1,907 ^E	2,320 ^E	2,953 ^E	3,310	3,201 ^E	1,741 ^E	2,547	2,708
		Percent	4.4 ^E	6.1	7.1 ^E	8.5 ^E	10.6 ^E	11.2	10.7 ^E	5.7 ^E	8.2	8.7
	Wears a helmet when riding a bicycle,	Number of persons		4,322			6,104	8,061	7,852	6,749	5,337	7,774
	always ^{75, 88}	Percent		60.9			50.5	57.1	61.4	52.6	47.1	53.1
	Functional health, good to full ^{26, 22, 28, 88}	Number of persons					21,176	23,586			23,362	22,623
	Functional health, good to fun	Percent					77.1	80.9			76.6	75.3
	Injuries in the past 12 months causing	Number of persons	4,251	4,236			4,082	5,395			7,492	7,577
	limitation of normal activities ^{80,88}	Percent	17.0	15.7			14.7	18.3			24.2	24.2
	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	Number of persons	559 ^E	794 ^E		732 ^E	F	894 ^E	774 ^E	641 ^E	586 ^E	1,142 ^E
	(COPD) ⁸¹	Percent	3.7 ^E	4.7 ^E		4.3 ^E	F	4.7 ^E	4.0 ^E	3.3 ^E	2.9 ^E	5.6 ^E
Males	Perceived health, very good or excellent ¹⁶	Number of persons	7,548	7,681	7,862	8,346	8,134	8,467	8,777	7,937	8,709	8,622
	Perceived nearth, very good or excellent	Percent	60.7	56.2	58.1	60.9	58.2	56.5	57.9	51.9	55.7	53.9
	Deveniund health fair or near 16	Number of persons	1,172 ^E	1,732 ^E	1,261 ^E	838 ^E	1,127 ^E	2,323 ^E	1,909 ^E	2,330 ^E	1,510 ^E	2,139
	Perceived health, fair or poor ¹⁶	Percent	9.4 ^E	12.7 ^E	9.3 ^E	6.1 ^E	8.1 ^E	15.5 ^E	12.6 ^E	15.2 ^E	9.7 ^E	13.4
	Perceived mental health, very good or	Number of persons	9,737	9,959	9,466	9,519	9,887	10,799	9,323	10,726	9,943	10,011
	excellent ¹²	Percent	81.9	74.8	71.3	71.8	72.2	72.5	62.9	71.4	64.1	63.4
	Perceived mental backto for a second 17	Number of persons	316 ^E	629 ^E	F	906 ^E	763 ^E	616 ^E	722 ^E	F	938 ^E	739 ^E
	Perceived mental health, fair or poor ¹⁷	Percent	2.7 ^E	4.7 ^E	F	6.8 ^E	5.6 ^E	4.1 ^E	4.9 ^E	F	6.0 ^E	4.7 ^E
	Life satisfaction, satisfied or very satisfied	Number of persons	10,610	11,863	12,495	11,909	12,531	13,707	14,052	14,366	14,420	14,206
	72, 73	Percent	89.2	89.0	93.9	90.2	91.5	92.3	95.3	96.3	93.5	90.2
	Perceived life stress, quite a lot (15 years	Number of persons	1,587 ^E	2,908	2,390 ^E	2,824	2,596	2,216	3,092	2,497 ^E	2,514	3,871
	and over) 18 19	Percent	13.7 ^E	22.3	18.8 ^E	21.9	19.5	15.7	21.0	17.0 ^E	16.9	25.1
	Arthritis ^{20, 21}	Number of persons	1,711	1,545	1,446 ^E	1,191 ^E	1,485 ^E	2,142 ^E	1,869	1,987 ^E	2,547 ^E	2,068
	Artifitis — —	Percent	14.7	11.8	11.4 ^E	9.3 ^E	11.1 ^E	15.1 ^E	12.7	13.5 ^E	17.0 ^E	13.5
	Disheta 22, 23	Number of persons	462 ^E	404 ^E	F	F	F	1,100 ^E	610 ^E	1,687 ^E	605 ^E	1,067 ^E
	Diabetes ^{22, 23}	Percent	3.7 ^E	3.0 ^E	F	F	F	7.3 ^E	4.0 ^E	11.0 ^E	3.9 ^E	6.7 ^E
	A	Number of persons	851 ^E	857 ^E	867 ^E	698 ^E	932 ^E	1,145 ^E	1,039 ^E	1,420 ^E	940 ^E	F
	Asthma ²⁴	Percent	6.8 ^E	6.3 ^E	6.4 ^E	5.1 ^E	6.7 ^E	7.6 ^E	6.9 ^E	9.3 ^E	6.0 ^E	F
	25	Number of persons	1,201 ^E	1,433 ^E	2,374	1,482 ^E	1,850 ^E	1,710 ^E	2,252	2,950	2,611	2,225 ^E
	High blood pressure ²⁵	Percent	9.7 ^E	10.5 ^E	17.6	10.9 ^E	13.3 ^E	11.5 ^E	14.9	19.4	16.7	14.0 ^E
	Pain or discomfort by severity, moderate	Number of persons	1,424 ^E	1,339	985 ^E	1,110 ^E	1,287 ^E	1,760	1,939 ^E	2,983 ^E	2,216 ^E	2,104 ^E
	or severe ^{52, 50}	Percent	11.4 ^E	9.9	7.3 ^E	8.1 ^E	9.2 ^E	11.8	12.9 ^E	19.5 ^E	14.2 ^E	13.2 ^E
	1		1									· 1

-		Characteristics										
Sex	Indicators	50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 71, 84, 87	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	Pain or discomfort that prevents activities	Number of persons	1,395 ^E	1,975 ^E	1,256 ^E	1,117 ^E	1,527 ^E	1,900	2,491 ^E	2,654 ^E	2,646	2,820
		Percent	11.2 ^E	14.6 ^E	9.3 ^E	8.1 ^E	10.9 ^E	12.7	16.4 ^E	17.4 ^E	16.9	17.7
	Participation and activity limitation,	Number of persons	4,278	3,900	3,298	3,609	4,277	4,840	5,607	6,464	6,673	6,517
	sometimes or often ^{22, 88}	Percent	34.4	28.7	24.5	26.4	30.6	32.3	37.0	42.3	42.7	40.8
	Current smoker, daily or occasional	Number of persons	3,624	4,457	5,028	4,515	5,371	4,413	4,754	4,709	3,755	4,420
	28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 61	Percent	29.2	32.6	37.1	33.1	38.4	29.6	31.5	30.8	24.0	28.0
	Exposure to second-hand smoke at home	Number of persons	1,448 ^E	855 ^E	1,207 ^E	879 ^E	1,080 ^E	987 ^E	F	F	810 ^E	F
	32	Percent	16.4 ^E	9.3 ^E	14.2 ^E	9.6 ^E	12.5 ^E	9.4 ^E	F	F	6.8 ^E	F
	Exposure to second-hand smoke in the past month, in vehicles and/or public	Number of persons	2,931	1,248 ^E	753 ^E	636 ^E	899 ^E	615 ^E	1,015 ^E	1,478 ^E	1,345 ^E	1,323 ^E
	places ³⁴	Percent	33.3	13.6 ^E	8.8 ^E	6.9 ^E	10.4 ^E	5.9 ^E	9.9 ^E	14.0 ^E	11.3 ^E	11.4 ^E
		Number of persons									5,517	5,184
	Heavy drinking ¹⁵	Percent									36.0	32.6
	Fruit and vegetable consumption, 5 times	Number of persons	4,802	5,338	5,144	4,310	5,000	6,964	5,053	4,051	4,041	4,987
	or more per day ^{32, 63}	Percent	41.5	41.3	39.2	32.8	37.8	48.5	35.0	27.2	27.1	32.7
	Physical activity during leisure-time,	Number of persons	7,430	8,222	7,494	7,629	7,725	8,820	9,362	10,637	10,861	10,343
	moderately active or active ^{38, 39}	Percent	62.5	61.7	56.3	57.2	56.3	59.5	63.3	70.8	70.0	65.5
	Physical activity during leisure-time,	Number of persons	4,464	5,112	5,816	5,707	5,986	5,996	5,433	4,397	4,649	5,451
	inactive ^{38, 39}	Percent	37.5	38.3	43.7	42.8	43.7	40.5	36.7	29.2	30.0	34.5
	Body mass index, self-reported, adult (18	Number of persons	6,310	6,285	6,983	6,719	7,179	7,464	8,014	8,251	9,717	8,482
	years and over), overweight or obese	Percent	57.9	52.6	59.2	56.9	58.3	55.6	59.8	60.3	68.2	60.5
	Body mass index, self-reported, youth (12	Number of persons		370 ^E	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
	to 17 years old), overweight or obese	Percent		26.7 ^E	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
		Number of persons	8,849	9,399	9,523	9,944	9,865	12,056	10,846	10,971	11,097	11,217
	Sense of belonging to local community, somewhat strong or very strong ⁴⁵	Percent	74.8	70.5	71.8	74.6	72.7	81.8	73.8	73.1	72.4	72.1
		Number of persons	9,522	8,970	10,074	10,137	10,015	11,192	10,852	10,485	11,575	11,110
	Has a regular medical doctor ⁴⁶	Percent	76.8	65.8	74.4	73.9	72.0	74.9	72.1	68.6	74.2	69.4
		Number of persons	9,481	9,188	9,216	10,278	10,827	11,648		11,972	12,962	10,666
	Contact with a medical doctor in the past 12 months 47, 48, 88	Percent	76.1	67.4	68.8	75.0	77.4	77.9		78.6	82.9	66.7
			2,357	3,040	2,995	3,563	3,611	6,002	4,396	4,370	3,680	4,141
	Influenza immunization, less than one year ago ^{49, 74}	Number of persons Percent	20.3	23.4	23.2	27.1	26.5	40.4	30.3	29.1	23.8	26.7
		Number of persons	F	694 ^E	F	F	1,208 ^E	1,755 ^E	1,050 ^E	961 ^E	544 ^E	983 ^E
	Mood disorder ²⁰	Percent	F	5.1 ^E	F	F	8.6 ^E	11.7 ^E	6.9 ^E	6.3 ^E	3.5 ^E	6.2 ^E
				2,220			3,073	4,443	3,944	3,180	2,418	3,665
	Wears a helmet when riding a bicycle, always ^{25, 88}	Number of persons Percent		54.4			47.9	56.9	57.2	50.7	40.2	49.8
				51.1			10,816	12,041			11,702	11,712
	Functional health, good to full 76, 77, 78, 88	Number of persons										75.1
		Percent	2,616	2,359			78.4 2,688	81.1 2,629			76.3	4,454
	Injuries in the past 12 months causing limitation of normal activities ^{80, 88}	Number of persons	2,616	17.4							24.5	27.9
		Percent	21.0 256 ^E	17.4 F		 F	19.2	17.6	 490 ^E	 F		27.9 F
	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) ⁸¹	Number of persons	3.3 ^E	F		F	F	F	490 ⁻	F	F	F
	()	Percent										
Females	Perceived health, very good or excellent ¹⁶	Number of persons	6,201	7,704	7,293	8,169	8,288	8,326	8,872	8,833	9,247	9,319
		Percent	49.6	57.3	54.9	60.4	60.0	57.3	60.2	58.7	60.0	61.2
	Perceived health, fair or poor 16	Number of persons	1,523 ^E	834 ^E	1,622 ^E	1,795 ^E	1,925 ^E	1,457 ^E	1,615 ^E	1,215 ^E	1,803 ^E	1,725 ^E
		Percent	12.2 ^E	6.2 ^E	12.2 ^E	13.3 ^E	13.9 ^E	10.0 ^E	11.0 ^E	8.1 ^E	11.7 ^E	11.3 ^E
	Perceived mental health, very good or excellent ¹²	Number of persons	8,594	10,077	9,748	9,781	10,640	10,134	9,743	10,685	10,263	9,754
	excellent	Percent	69.4	75.0	74.7	73.5	77.2	70.7	66.2	71.7	66.8	64.1
	Perceived mental health, fair or poor ¹²	Number of persons	679 ^E	547 ^E	745 ^E	F	F	1,162 ^E	1,170 ^E	850 ^E	1,310 ^E	1,619 ^E
		Percent	5.5 ^E	4.1 ^E	5.7 ^E	F	F	8.1 ^E	8.0 ^E	5.7 ^E	8.5 ^E	10.6 ^E
	Life satisfaction, satisfied or very satisfied	Number of persons	10,801	12,429	11,616	11,732	12,481	13,622	13,671	13,315	13,559	14,310
		Percent	87.2	92.6	88.7	87.9	90.6	94.8	94.2	89.7	88.3	94.4

					1							
	Indicators	Characteristics 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 71, 84, 87	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	201
	Perceived life stress, quite a lot (15 years	Number of persons	2,690	2,756	2,980	3,058	2,826 ^E	2,820	3,460	3,701	3,497	3,8
	and over) ^{18, 19}	Percent	22.5	21.5	24.1	23.9	21.5 ^E	20.4	24.6	26.4	23.8	2
	Arthritis ^{20, 21}	Number of persons	2,304	2,216	2,215	1,900 ^E	2,555	2,056	2,649	2,366	3,259	3,0
	Artinitis	Percent	19.3	17.3	17.9	14.8 ^E	19.4	14.9	18.7	16.9	22.0	2
	Dishetes 22, 23	Number of persons	463 ^E	756 ^E	750 ^E	F	765 ^E	515 ^E	733 ^E	919 ^E	932 ^E	1,3
	Diabetes ^{22, 22}	Percent	3.7 ^E	5.6 ^E	5.6 ^E	F	5.5 ^E	3.5 ^E	5.0 ^E	6.1 ^E	6.1 ^E	9
	Asthma ²⁴	Number of persons	1,420	1,516	1,438 ^E	1,545 ^E	1,962 ^E	1,949 ^E	1,982 ^E	1,514 ^E	1,328 ^E	1,3
	Astnma	Percent	11.4	11.2	10.8 ^E	11.4 ^E	14.2 ^E	13.4 ^E	13.5 ^E	10.1 ^E	8.6 ^E	-
		Number of persons	1,382 ^E	1,638	1,707	1,602 ^E	1,952 ^E	1,617	1,851	1,340 ^E	2,263	2,
	High blood pressure ²⁵	Percent	11.1 ^E	12.1	12.8	11.8 ^E	14.1 ^E	11.1	12.6	8.9 ^E	14.7	:
	Pain or discomfort by severity, moderate	Number of persons	1,649 ^E	1,596	2,276	1,519 ^E	1,956 ^E	1,673 ^E	1,934 ^E	2,531	2,481	2,
	or severe ^{52, 50}	Percent	13.2 ^E	11.9	17.1	11.2 ^E	14.2 ^E	11.5 ^E	13.1 ^E	16.8	16.1	:
		Number of persons	1,680 ^E	2,048	2,680	1,978	2,141 ^E	2,121	2,450	2,589	3,349	3
	Pain or discomfort that prevents activities	Percent	13.4 ^E	15.2	20.2	14.6	15.5 ^E	14.6	16.7	17.2	21.7	
	Participation and activity limitation,	Number of persons	4,426	3,785	4,512	3,804	3,868	3,362	5,409	5,556	6,446	7
	sometimes or often ^{22, 88}	Percent	35.4	28.0	33.9	28.1	28.0	23.1	36.7	37.0	42.0	
-		Number of persons	3,244	3,800	4,627	4,079	4,499	3,778	3,968	4,174	4,274	3
	Current smoker, daily or occasional 28, 29, 30, 31, 33, 51	Percent	26.0	28.1	34.8	30.2	32.6	26.0	27.1	27.9	27.9	
ŀ		Number of persons	830 ^E	705 ^E	737 ^E	F	1,072 ^E	572 ^E	714 ^E	F	F	
	Exposure to second-hand smoke at home	Percent	9.0 ^E	7.3 ^E	8.5 ^E	F	11.5 ^E	5.3 ^E	6.7 ^E	F	F	
-	Exposure to second-hand smoke in the	Number of persons	2,622	1,189 ^E	936 ^E	F	606 ^E	871 ^E	1,084 ^E	F	1,572 ^E	
	past month, in vehicles and/or public places ³⁴	Percent	28.4	12.2 ^E	10.8 ^E	F	6.5 ^E	8.1 ^E	10.1 ^E	F	, 14.1 ^E	
+	P	Number of persons									4,326	3
	Heavy drinking ¹⁵	Percent									28.8	
+		Number of persons	5,847	6,335	5,187	5,324	7,270	7,987	6,889	7,426	5,712	7
	Fruit and vegetable consumption, 5 times or more per day ^{3Z} . ⁶³	Percent	47.8	48.3	40.3	40.1	53.4	56.7	48.1	50.5	38.1	
			7,432	7,446	7,375	6,859	7,064	9,143	8,848	9,247	9,553	9
	Physical activity during leisure-time, moderately active or active ^{38, 39}	Number of persons	60.1	55.4	56.2	51.4	51.3	64.0	60.1	62.0	62.2	
-	-	Percent	4,940	5,989	5,739	6,494	6,714	5,152	5,882	5,663	5,808	5
	Physical activity during leisure-time, inactive ^{38, 39}	Number of persons	39.9	44.6	43.8	48.6	48.7	36.0	39.9	38.0	37.8	
-		Percent	4,829	5,299	5,207	5,029	5,861	5,996	6,100	5,476	7,942	6
	Body mass index, self-reported, adult (18 years and over), overweight or obese	Number of persons			,		,					0
-		Percent	46.4	45.4	45.6	45.4	50.1	47.8	49.9	42.2	59.8	_
	Body mass index, self-reported, youth (12 to 17 years old), overweight or obese	Number of persons		F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	
-	40. 41. 54	Percent		F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	
	Sense of belonging to local community, somewhat strong or very strong ⁴⁵	Number of persons	8,453	9,433	9,457	10,059	9,796	11,748	12,212	10,938	11,299	11
-	somewhat strong of very strong	Percent	69.2	70.7	72.3	76.1	71.4	82.2	83.3	73.6	73.9	
	Has a regular medical doctor 46	Number of persons	10,817	11,033	10,831	11,375	11,568	11,454	12,719	11,158	11,159	12
-		Percent	86.6	81.8	81.5	84.4	83.7	78.9	86.9	74.1	72.5	
	Contact with a medical doctor in the past	Number of persons	11,239	12,007	10,825	11,562	11,684	13,174		11,870	12,793	13
12 months ^{42, 48, 88}		Percent	90.2	88.8	81.8	85.5	84.9	91.6		79.3	84.0	
+	Influenza immunization, less than one year ago ^{42, 24}	Number of persons	2,708	5,202	4,332	4,210	5,306	7,711	5,084	4,381	5,126	5
-		Percent	22.0	40.1	33.1	31.9	39.1	53.6	34.6	29.4	33.4	
-	year ago ^{49, 74}			1,196	1,675	1,828	1,760	1,258 ^E	1,874	2,288		
-	year ago 49, 74	Number of persons	1,205	1,150								-
	year ago ^{42, 24} Breastfeeding initiation ^{55, 52, 88}		1,205 88.0	98.8	98.3	97.9	100.0	93.8	93.0	99.2		
-	year ago ^{42, 24} Breastfeeding initiation ^{55, 52, 88} Exclusive breastfeeding, at least 6 months	Number of persons			98.3 F ^r	97.9 701 ^{Er}	100.0 F	93.8 497 ^E	93.0 F	99.2 1,031 ^E		
-	year ago ^{42, 74} Breastfeeding initiation ^{65, 62, 88}	Number of persons Percent	88.0	98.8								
-	year ago ^{49, 24} Breastfeeding initiation ^{65, 52, 88} Exclusive breastfeeding, at least 6 months ^{65, 62, 82, 88, 89}	Number of persons Percent Number of persons	88.0	98.8	F ^r	701 ^{Er}	F	497 ^E	F	1,031 ^E		1,
-	year ago ^{42, 24} Breastfeeding initiation ^{55, 52, 88} Exclusive breastfeeding, at least 6 months	Number of persons Percent Number of persons Percent	88.0 F ^r	98.8 502 ^{Er} 43.3 ^{Er}	F ^r 36.1 ^{Er}	701 ^{Er} 40.3 ^{Er}	F	497 ^E 44.6 ^E	F	1,031 ^E 46.0 ^E		1,

Sex	Indicators	Characteristics 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 71, 84, 87	2003	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
		Number of persons					10,360	11,545			11,660	10,911
	Functional health, good to full ^{26, 22, 28, 88}	Percent					75.9	80.7			77.0	75.4
	Injuries in the past 12 months causing limitation of normal activities ^{80, 88}	Number of persons	1,635 ^E	1,877			1,395 ^E	2,767 ^E			3,665	3,123
li		Percent	13.1 ^E	13.9			10.2 ^E	19.0 ^E			23.9	20.4
	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) ^{हा}	Number of persons	303 ^E	385 ^E		F	F	296 ^E	F	453 ^E	F	843 ^E
		Percent	4.0 ^E	4.7 ^E		F	F	3.1 ^E	F	4.9 ^E	F	8.5 ^E
										Back to	original ta	

Symbol legend:

Use with caution

Too unreliable to be published

Not available Revised

Footnotes:

- Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)
- Health regions are administrative areas defined by provincial ministries of health according to provincial legislation. The health regions presented in this table are based on boundaries and names in effect as of December 2013. For complete Canadian coverage, each northern territory represents a health region. 2.
- Peer groups are aggregations of health regions that share similar socio-economic and demographic characteristics, based on 2006 Census data. These are useful in the analysis of health regions, where important differences may be detected by comparing health regions within a peer group. The ten peer groups are identified by the letters A through J, which are appended to the health region 4-digit code. Caution should be taken when comparing data for the peer groups over time due to changes in the peer groups. For more information on the peer groups classification, consult Statistics Canad's publication "Health Indicators" (catalogue number 82-221-XWE). Data for Prince Edward Island were released for four Health Regions from 2001 to 2005. Following the abandonment of the P.E.I. regional administrative structure in 2005, the data were then з.
- 4.
- Peleased by Statistics Canada based on the three counties in the province. As of June 2012, only estimates at the provincial level are available for all years in P.E.I. Minor name changes have been made to Nova Scotia health regions. For example, Zone 1 is now called South Shore/South West Nova while DHA 9 is now referred to as the Capital District Health Authority. For more information consult Statistics Canada's publication "Health Regions: Boundaries and Correspondence with Census Geography" (catalogue number 82-402-XWE). 5. 6.
- The province of New Brunswick has made minor name changes to its health regions. Regions are now referred to as Zones. In addition, a descriptive name of each Zone has been added. For example, Zone 1 will now be referred to as Zone 1 (Moncton). In February 2006 a small boundary change in New Brunswick occurred: Cambridge-Narrows village (population 717) was reassigned from Zone 2 to Zone 3. For more information consult Statistics Canada's publication "Health Regions: Boundaries and Correspondence with Census Geography" (catalogue number 82-402-XWE)
- No data available for "Région du Nunavik" and "Région des Terres-Cries-de-la-Baie-James".
- In Ontario, Public Health Units (PHU) administer health promotion and disease prevention programs. Local Health Integration Networks (LHIN) are responsible for planning, funding and administering health care programs and services across the province. Data are provided for both PHUs and LHINs. However, since the weights for the Canadian Community Health Survey sample are primarily based on PHUs, only estimates for rates (percentages) are available by LHIN in the profile. Special LHIN weights are available upon request. These weights will allow for more precise estimation at the LHIN level including the estimation of totals.
- Ontario's Muskoka-Parry Sound Health Unit (3545) was dissolved on April 1, 2005 and part of the region was merged with North Bay and District Health Unit (3547) while the rest was merged with Simcoe County District Health Unit (3560). The 2005 survey weights were adjusted to represent these new regions' boundaries. The adjustment has not been made to the 2003 weights since the impact of this change on the quality of 2003 estimates for the two regions is considered to be acceptable. 9.
- 10.
- In Manitoba and Saskatchewan, health regions are referred to as Health Authorities (HA) or Regional Health Authorities (RHA). As a result of changes to Health Region geography in Manitoba in 2012, data from 2012 onward will be presented by Regional Health Authority (RHA). The 11 Health Regions in Manitoba were merged into 5 RHA's as follows: Winnipeg RHA (4610A) and Churchill RHA (4690 F) were merged to form Winnipeg RHA (4601 A); Assiniboine RHA (4645 D), Parkland RHA (4660 D) and Brandon RHA (4615 A) were merged to form Prairie Mountain Health (4602 D); Interlake RHA (4630 E) and North Eastman RHA (4620 E) were merged to form Interlake-Eastern RHA (4603 E); NOR-MAN RHA, (4670 H) and Burntwood RHA (4680 F) were merged to form Northern RHA (4604 F); and Central RHA (4640 D) and South Eastman RHA (4625 E) were merged to form Contract Mealth (4616 R). 11. Southern Health (4605 D).
- To avoid data suppression, northern regions in Saskatchewan have been grouped with neighbouring regions, as follows: Athabasca Health Authority (4713) is combined with Mamawetan Churchill River Regional Health Authority (4711) and Keewatin Yatthé Regional Health Authority (4712) and referred to as Mamawetan/Keewatin/Athabasca (4714). 12.
- 13. Prior to 2012, to avoid data suppression, northern regions in Manitoba have been grouped with neighbouring regions, as follows: Churchill Regional Health Authority (4690) is combined with Burntwood Regional Health Authority (4680) and referred to as Burntwood/Churchill (4685). In Nunavut, starting in 2013, the coverage was expanded to represent 92% of the targeted population. Before 2013, the coverage was 71% since the survey covered only the 10 largest 14.
- communities
- A definition change was implemented in 2013 to conform with the World Health Organization (WHO) and Health Canada guidelines for Heavy drinking. Heavy drinking refers to males who reported having 5 or more drinks, or women who reported having 4 or more drinks, on one occasion, at least once a month in the past year. While this indicator remains comparable for males 15. to the 5 or more drinks indicator published in previous years, it is no longer comparable for females.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported perceiving their own health status as being either excellent or very good or fair or poor, depending on the indicator. Perceived health refers to the perception of a person's health in general, either by the person himself or herself, or, in the case of proxy response, by the person responding. Health means not only the absence of disease o 16. injury but also physical, mental and social well being.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported perceiving their own mental health status as being excellent or very good or fair or poor, depending on the indicator. Perceived mental health refers to the perception of a person's mental health in general. Perceived mental health provides a general indication of the population suffering from some form of mental disorder, mental or 17. emotional problems, or distress, not necessarily reflected in perceived health. Data for this indicator are collected from population aged 15 years and over only. Population aged 15 and over who reported perceiving that most days in their life were quite a bit or extremely stressful. Perceived life stress refers to the amount of stress in the person's life,
- on most days, as perceived by the person or, in the case of proxy response, by the person responding. Population aged 15 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed by a health professional as having arthritis. 20.
- Arthritis includes rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis, but excludes fibromyalgia. In the 2011 French questionnaire, the word "arthrose" was added to the arthritis question as respondents
- tend to associate the word "arthrite" with rheumatoid arthritis and "arthrose" with degenerative arthritis. This lead to an increase in reported arthritis for 2011. However, the word "arthrose" was then omitted from the question in 2012, leading to a decrease in the reported arthritis estimates for the province of Quebec and subsequently at the national level. Therefore, the data for the arthritis indicator in 2011 should be used with caution.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed by a health professional as having Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes. Diabetes includes females 15 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed with gestational diabetes. 22.
- 23. 24. Population aged 12 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed by a health professional as having asthma.
- 25.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed by a health professional as having high blood pressure. Population aged 12 and over who reported having pain or discomfort that prevents activities. 26.
- 27. Population aged 12 and over who reported being limited in selected activities (home, school, work and other activities) because of a physical condition, mental condition or health problem which has lasted or is expected to last 6 months or longer. Population aged 12 and over who reported being a current smoker.
- 28.
- 29. Daily smoker refers to those who reported smoking cigarettes every day.
- 30.
- Does not take into account the number of cigarettes smoked. Occasional smoker refers to those who reported smoking cigarettes occasionally. This includes former daily smokers who now smoke occasionally. 31.
- Non-smoking population aged 12 and over who reported that at least one person smoked inside their home every day or almost every day. Smoking inside the home excludes smoking inside 32. the garage, whether attached or detached.
- 33. Data collected for this indicator is based on the question referring to smoking of cigarettes only. Note that data on smoking alternative tobacco products is captured in a different module (TAL).
- Non-smoking population aged 12 and over who reported being exposed to second-hand smoke in private vehicles and/or public places on every day or almost every day in the past month. Population aged 12 and over who reported having 5 or more drinks on one occasion, at least once a month in the past year. 34. 36.
- 37.
- 38.
- Indicates the usual number of times (frequency) per day a person reported eating fruits and vegetables. Measure does not take into account the amount consumed. Population aged 12 and over who reported the nature, frequency and duration of their participation in leisure-time physical activity. Respondents are classified as active, moderately active or inactive based on an index of average daily physical activity over the past 3 months. For each leisure time physical activity the 39. respondent is engaged in, an average daily energy expenditure is calculated by multiplying the number of times the activity was performed by the average duration of the activity by the energy cost (kilocalories per kilogram of body weight per hour) of the activity. The index is calculated as the sum of the average daily energy expenditures of all activities. Respondents are classified as follows: 3.0 kcal/kg/day or more = physically active; 1.5 to 2.9 kcal/kg/day = moderately active; less than 1.5 kcal/kg/day = inactive. Body mass index (BMI) is a method of classifying body weight according to health risk. According to the World Health Organization (WHO) and Health Canada guidelines, health risk levels are associated with each of the following BMI categories: normal weight = least health risk; underweight and overweight = increased health risk; obese, class II = high health risk; obese, class II
- 40. = very high health risk; obese, class III = extremely high health risk.
- Body mass index (BMI) is calculated by dividing the respondent's body weight (in kilograms) by their height (in metres) squared. 41.

42.

A definition change was implemented in 2004 to conform with the World Health Organization (WHO) and Health Canada guidelines for body weight classification. The index is calculated for the population aged 18 and over, excluding pregnant females and persons less than 3 feet (0.914 metres) tall or greater than 6 feet 11 inches (2.108 metres).

- 43. According to the World Health Organization (WHO) and Health Canada guidelines, the index for body weight classification is: less than 18.50 (underweight); 18.50 to 24.99 (normal weight); 25.00 to 29.99 (overweight); 30.00 to 34.99 (obese, class I); 35.00 to 39.99 (obese, class II); 40.00 or greater (obese, class III).
- 45. Population aged 12 and over who reported their sense of belonging to their local community as being very strong or somewhat strong. Research shows a high correlation of sense of community-belonging with physical and mental health.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported that they have a regular medical doctor. In 2005 and 2003, the indicator in French only included "médecin de famille". Starting in 2007, this concepi was widened to "médecin régulier", which includes "médecin de famille". 46. Population aged 12 and over who reported having consulted with a medical doctor in the past 12 months. 47.
- Medical doctor includes family or general practitioners as well as specialists such as surgeons, allergists, orthopaedists, gynaecologists or psychiatrists. For population aged 12 to 17, includes 48. pediatricians.
- 49. Population aged 12 and over who reported when they had their last influenza immunization (flu shot).
- 50. The confidence interval illustrates the degree of variability associated with a rate. Wide confidence intervals indicate high variability, thus, these rates should be interpreted with due caution. When comparing estimates, it is important to use confidence intervals to determine if differences between values are statistically significant.
- Bootstrapping techniques were used to produce the 95% confidence intervals (CIs). 51. Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) from 16.6% to 33.3% are identified as follows: (E) use with caution. 52.
- Data with a coefficient of variation (CV) greater than 33.3% were suppressed due to extreme sampling variability and are identified as follows: (F) too unreliable to be published. 53.
- The following standard symbols are used in this Statistics Canada table: (...) for figures not available for a specific reference period and (...) for figures not applicable.
- 55. This variable provides direction and statistical significance of the difference between estimates (p < 0.05). A value of +1 means the difference observed is significantly higher, -1 means the difference is significantly lower and 0 means the difference is not statistically significant.
- 56. Since 2009, all rates in this table are calculated excluding non-response categories ("refusal", "don't know", and "not stated") in the denominator.
- Since 2007, data for the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) are collected yearly instead of every two years. While a sample of approximately 130,000 respondents were interviewed during the reference periods of 2003 and 2005, it has been changed to 65,000 respondents each year starting in 2007. Two indicator profiles based on CCHS content are available, featuring the same variables, geography and age breakdowns, but different reference periods. The CANSIM table 105-0501 presents the most up-to-date population health estimates and will be updated yearly. The CANSIM table 105-0502 presents estimates from two-year combined data. These estimates are less current than annual estimates, but have higher precision given the 57. larger sample (less variability). Users should refer to the CANSIM annual data table 105-0501 as the primary source for most current estimates from the survey as well as to obtain data from previous years. However, where data quality flags indicate suppression (F) or higher variability (E), the CANSIM two-year data table <u>105-0502</u> should be used. Beginning with the 2008 and 2007/2008 reference period, weighting controls on the proportion of Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal as well as capital and non-capital have been put in place for
- 58. Yukon and the Northwest Territories. Similar controls for Inuit and non-Inuit have also been put in place for Nunavut for the same reference periods. This may affect some of the comparability to previous reference periods where no such controls were in place.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported that they usually have pain or discomfort. 59.
- 60. Canada and provincial estimates are based on sub-sample weights for 2005 and 2003 data. Survey (CTADS), which replaces the Canadian Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey (CTUMS) beginning in 2013. Users should be aware of a number of differences between CCHS and CTADS. CCHS 61. collects information from respondents aged 12 and over, CTADS collects information from respondents aged 15 and over; the two surveys use different sampling frames; the annual sample for CTADS is 20,000 compared to 65,000 for CCHS; in CCHS, smoking questions are asked in the context of a wide range of health-related behaviours whereas in CTADS, all questions are related to the use of multiple products and substances with addictive properties. Although these factors can influence the estimates produced at a single point in time, the trends produced by the two surveys have been noted to be very consistent over time. Rather than comparing smoking rates produced from the two surveys, Statistics Canada advises users to choose a single source, based on their objectives, and to use that source consistently.
- 62. Starting in 2009, the denominator includes all respondents aged 12 and over. This change applies to rates from all years in this table. In data released before 2009, the denominator included only those respondents who reported having had at least one drink in the past 12 months. Increasing the population in the denominator reduces the estimate rates. This change was implemented to produce more comparable rates over time and is more consistent with methods used in calculating other indicators in this table.
- 63. Canada and provincial estimates are based on sub-sample weights for 2005 data.
- Body mass index (BMI) for youths is different from that of adults as they are still maturing. This indicator classifies respondents aged 12 to 17 (except female respondents aged 15 to 17 who were pregnant or did not answer the pregnancy question) as "obese" or "overweight" according to the age- and sex-specific BMI cut-off points as defined by Cole and others. The Cole cut-off 64. points have been applied to the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) since 2005 and are based on pooled international data (Brazil, Great Britain, Hong Kong, Netherlands, Singapore and United States) for BMI and linked to the internationally accepted adult BMI cut-off points of 25 (overweight) and 30 (obese). Based on information provided by females aged 15 to 55 who had a baby in the last 5 years. 65.
- Initiated breastfeeding refers to mothers who breastfed or tried to breastfeed their last child even if only for a short time. 67.
- 69.
- Exclusive breastfeeding refers to an infant receiving only breast milk, without any additional liquid (even water) or solid food. Population aged 12 and over who reported that they have been diagnosed by a health professional as having a mood disorder, such as depression, bipolar disorder, mania or dysthymia. 70. 71. Percentages are rounded to the nearest tenth. Numbers are rounded to the nearest unit.
- 72.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported being satisfied or very satisfied with their life in general. In 2009, the question on life satisfaction was changed from a five-point answer category to an eleven-point scale. A grouped variable was developed to provide a concordance between the two 73. scales and is now the basis for this indicator. Please see the variable GENGSWL in the derived variables documentation.
- The 2009 data on flu shots may include H1N1 vaccines received in the Fall of 2009. In 2010, the word "seasonal" was added to the questions in order to collect the two types of vaccines separately. After 2010, the separate module on H1N1 vaccines is not asked as the H1N1 flu shot is now given in combination with the seasonal flu vaccine. 74.
- Population aged 12 and over who reported that they always wore a helmet when riding a bicycle in the last 12 months. 75.
- 76. Population aged 12 and over reporting measures of overall functional health, based on 8 dimensions of functioning (vision, hearing, speech, mobility, dexterity, feelings, cognition and pain). Scores between 0.8 and 1.0 are considered to indicate good to full functional health; scores below 0.8 are considered to indicate moderate to poor functional health.
- 77. 78. The Health Utility Index (HUI), developed at McMaster University's Centre for Health Economics and Policy Analysis, is based on the Comprehensive Health Status Measurement System
- (CHSMS)
- 79. Population aged 12 and over who sustained injuries in the past 12 months and who sought medical attention from a health professional in the 48 hours following the injury. Respondents aged 12 and over who sustained injuries in the past 12 months which were serious enough to limit normal activities. For those with more than one injury in the past 12 months, 80.
- refers to "the most serious injury", as identified by the respondent. Repetitive strain injuries are not included. Population aged 35 and over who reported being diagnosed by a health professional with chronic bronchitis, emphysema or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). 81.
- Starting in 2010, data for this indicator have been updated for all years included in this table. The numerator includes mothers who have exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months and who 83. may or may not be still breastfeeding. The denominator includes all mothers who had a baby in the past 5 years but excludes mothers who were still breastfeeding and who had not introducec any other liquids or solid foods to the baby's feeds. Previously, this indicator included in the numerator, only mothers who had stopped breastfeeding and for whom we knew they had introduced other liquids or solid foods to the baby's feeds when the baby was 6 months or more. The denominator included mothers who had stopped breastfeeding and for whom we knew when they had introduced other liquids or solid foods to the baby's feeds. This modification will produce lower rates of 6 months exclusive breastfeeding as mothers who have had a baby in the past 5 years and have not breastfed are now included in the denominator. This change was implemented to produce more comparable rates over time and is more consistent with methods used in calculating other indicators.
- Starting with the 2010 and 2009/2010 Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) datasets, the 2006 Census population counts have been used to produce the population projection counts. 84. These counts are used to ensure that the CCHS survey weights and resulting estimates included in this CANSIM table are consistent with known population totals. Prior to 2010, 2001 Census population counts were used. Evaluation studies have confirmed that the impact of this change on CCHS estimates should be minimal.
- Beginning in June 2012, data for Alberta are presented for the five current zones. For more information consult Statistics Canada's publication "Health Regions: Boundaries and 85.
- Correspondence with Census Geography" (catalogue number 82-402-XWE). In the Fall of 2011, a Health Authority level of geography was added for the province of British Columbia. These five Health Authorities are a grouping of the province's health regions. Since March 2012, the coefficient of variation characteristic (CV) is no longer available on CANSIM tables 105-0501 or 105-0502. Data quality flags ("E" use with caution and "F" too unreliable 86. 87.
- to be published), which are based on CVs, are still applied to counts and percentages when appropriate. This indicator is derived from data collected from an optional content module. Only provincial and sub-provincial estimates are available for years when the module was selected by a given province. National estimates are not available unless the module became part of biennial or quadrennial common content blocks in a given survey year. Please refer to the document "CCHS 88. content overview" available for the survey under the documentation section of the Definitions, data sources and methods page on the Statistics Canada website.
- In the 2011 questionnaire, in order to improve the quality of the data, the question measuring when other liquids or solids were introduced to the baby's feeds was split into two separate questions. One addresses the addition of other liquids and the other addresses the addition of other solids to the baby's feeds. 89.
- 90. On April 22, 2016, the values (1,-1 or 0) indicating statistically different from the provincial rate for the five British Columbia health authorities (5910, 5920, 5930, 5940, 5950) for 2012, 2013, and 2014 were revised.

Source: Statistics Canada. Table 105-0501 - Health indicator profile, annual estimates, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, territories, health regions (2013 boundaries) and peer groups, occasional, CANSIM (database). (accessed:) Back to search

Date modified: 2016-04-22